## **CURRENT STATUS OF ALL CLAIMS**

- 1. (Previously amended) A method of determining amino acid sequence of a polypeptide, comprising:
- (a) constructing a graph from mass spectra of two or more differentially labeled polypeptides, said graph comprising a node with mass m, number of labels n, intensity i, and mass differential of labels d;
- (b) creating a node corresponding to a paired signal having masses of about m and about m+nd,
- (c) adding a labeled weighted directed edge to said graph between any two nodes corresponding to a mass of an amino acid, said labeled weighted directed edge combining properties of said paired signals, and
- (d) assigning a satisfying amino acid to two or more of said labeled weighted directed edges, thereby determining said amino acid sequence.
- 2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising, wherein step (b) further comprises:
- [[(e)]] (i) creating a source node with total mass M, total number of labels N and fixed intensity Is; and
- [[(f)]] (ii) creating a terminus node with mass 0, minimum number of labels  $n_0$ , and fixed intensity  $I_t[[:]]_t$
- 3. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, further comprising wherein step

  (b) further comprises (iii) selecting a path from the source node to the terminus node.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising computing a priority score for each path through the graph.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differential label marks an internal amino acid residue.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differential label marks a terminal amino acid residue.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differential label marks a terminal and an internal amino acid residue.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise stable isotopic labels.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise heavy and light labeled isotopes selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur and selenium.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise an unlabeled polypeptide and a labeled polypeptide.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is labeled *in vivo* or *in vitro*.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said mass spectra are obtained from a mass spectrometry database.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said mass spectra are of low resolution.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising masses of amino acid post-translational modifications.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising adding complement node with mass M-m, and a number of labels N-n+ $n_0$ .
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising including multiple amino acid edges between nodes, said multiple amino acid edges characterizing a degenerate amino acid residue in said polypeptide sequence.

17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein steps a-c are repeated one or more times.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein steps a-c are performed by an automated process.
- 19. (Original) A method of determining an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide, comprising:
  - (a) differentially labeling two or more polypeptide mixtures, and
- (b) determining an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide within said mixture using the method of claim 1.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differential label marks an internal amino acid residue.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differential label marks a terminal amino acid residue.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differential label marks a terminal and an internal amino acid residue.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise stable isotopic labels.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise heavy and light labeled isotopes selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur and selenium.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said differentially labeled polypeptides further comprise an unlabeled polypeptide and a labeled polypeptide.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said polypeptide is labeled *in vivo* or *in vitro*.

27. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said mass spectra are obtained from a mass spectrometry database.

- 28. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said mass spectra are of low resolution.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 19, further comprising separating components of said mixture.

Claims 30 to 55. Cancelled.